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# The Evening Star.

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# FIGHT TO FINISH NOW THE SECRETARY'S PLAN

Harrisburg Strike Conference Government Holdings to Be Was a Failure.

GOV. STONE'S OFFER TO RELEASE \$4,000,000

He to Call Special Session of the Leg- This Will Put in Circulation About islature to Pass Arbitra-

ticn Law.

north Atlantic seaboard.

HARRISBURG, Pa., September 13 .-Again the efforts to break the death clinch problem which is of vital interest to 125,000 workingmen and their families and

the great contest between labor and capital that is being fought to a finish

wealth of Pennsylvania, tall, ponderous, ripe in years and experience; John Mitchell, president of the Mine Workers' Union, a dightly built, smooth-shaven young man, tlously in this game, fearing a trip where Pennsylvania politicians are concerned. Surrounding Mitchell were District Presilents Fahey, Nicholls and Duffy, in whose districts the strike is on. Governor Stone had with him Colonel Richardson of the National Guard and State Senator Flynn.

## Arrival of Mitchell.

Mitchell and his lieutenants had arrived on a midnight train from Philadelphia, where Mitchell had addressed earlier in the of an extra session of the Penn-Ivania legislature to pass a compulsory

governor of Pennsylvania contemhad brushed aside the political plans for bringing the great struggle to a close, and that frame of mind that Mitchell entered the conference. It was known before hand that Governor Stone would urge him to enand try to settle their differences with the operators later. This was the advice the governor was prepared to give as a result of his recent trip to New York.

# Every Phase Discussed.

Every phase of the strike was gone over in the three hours that the conference sat visitors, heavy eyed and pale faced, marchway to the denot to take a train back to had been led to expect much from that conference the governor shortly after is-

Senator Flynn, Col. Richardson and Gover-nor Stone have been in conference. All the differences have been discussed with the

## best of feeling. Had Nothing More to Say.

The unsatisfactory statement of the gov ernor is due to the fact that he had nothwas not ready to do. All that was left hiladelphia tonight. Mr. Widener is a di-

The program does not promise much in way of results. Mitchell and his lieunants are thoroughly determined to see mash rather than surrender. They have no confidence in the intimated co have the words of President Baer and the more recent utterances of Mr. Abram Hewitt and Operator John Markle to the contrary. These recent state-ments have done much to embitter the leadments have done much to embitter the lead-ers of the Mine Workers' Union, and the effect is being shown. One result of the conference will be to place before the operators the latest views of the labor leaders the strike. It will in effect be an exchange of ultimatums.

# Renewal of Negotiations.

Since negotiations were broken off be tween the presidents and the union fourteen weeks ago they have had no direct communication with each other. They have announced their respective positions through the newspapers. Now, through the medium of the governor and Mr. Widener, the opposing forces may communicate with each other. What good will come out of it

#### remains to be developed. N. O. M. NO COMPULSORY ARBITRATION. President Mitchell Comes Out Plainly

Against That Plan. President Mitchell, president of the Mine Workers' Union, in an interview in Philadelphia last night said:

"Governor Stone is contemplating an extra session of the Pennsylvania legislature for the purpose of having enacted a compulsory arbitration law. The miners are willing to arbitrate, but they are not willing to have compulsory arbitration. They are not willing to enslave the workmen of Pennsylvania in order to get out of their own difficulty. It has been the invariable rule for workmen throughout the country to abide by the decision of arbi-tration boards, and also the rule for organized workmen to stand by their con-

Mr. Mitchell referred to the recent pub lic statement of ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt of New York city, in which was quoted as saying Mr. Mitchell was responsible for the anthracite strike, and that he had ordered the bituminous miners to quit work, but that the latter had re-fused. Mr. Mitchell denied these statements, and also refuted Mr. Hewitt's claim that he has been a friend of labor. Mr Hewitt, he said, is a director in the Eri railroad and a director in a very large coal

company. "All of the men in the employ of Mr. Hewitt in West Virginia," Mr. Mitchell said,

Deposited.

THE MEN TO GO EACK TO WILL ALSO ANTICIPATE THE OC-TOBER INTEREST.

\$4,200,000 More-His Posi-

tion Stated.

Secretary Shaw has made arrangements to release about \$4,000,000 of the treasury holdings. He has had a list prepared of in which the coal miners and the operators | those national banks throughout the coune struggling have proven vain. Governor | try which held free or unpledged bonds at me's attempt was a fallure. From after | the date of their last report and has made inquiry for others. After making allow ance for changed conditions since last report he expects this will release at least \$4,000,000. He has sent notice to all such that if they will send these bonds to the treasurer of the United States in sums of \$50,000 or more they will be designated as temporary depositaries and the face value of the bonds will be deposited with them to the credit of the treasurer of the United States. He has pursued this course in preference to designating depositaries in the ordinary way, which compels them to buy bonds in the market at a large premium, thus paying out more for the bonds than they get from the government. The customs receipts are extremely heavy at this particular season of the year, and the cash balance of the treasurer has been gradually increasing.

## To Anticipate Interest.

He has also decided to anticipate the October interest, amounting to about \$4,200,-600, and with this in view orders have been issued to the various subtreasuries to cash such coupons as may be presented to them for payment, and the treasurer of the United States has been instructed to make evening a big mass meeting of laboring checks for interest on the registered bonds.

men. At that meeting he had made an All this was decided upon some days ago and letters and telegrams prepared for to-

## No Occasion for Uneasiness.

The Secretary sees in present conditions no occasion for alarm. He calls attention to the fact that there is no evidence of a currency famine, present or prospective, elsewhere than in New York, and even there the rate is not high for commercial paper, and for commercial paper he has the greater solicitude. He is well satisfied increase willing to around the control of the greater solution. The is well satisfied in the form of the control of the greater solution. The satisfied increase circulation, which he decided upon in the early summer, which he decided upon in the early summer, when present conditions were plainly vising from our own present trouble." Thus, for meet an emergency, which he does not ex-

> such banks as hold large deposits and have very limited circulation, and he is not asking these to increase to the maximum nor

He does not desire to force the banks into than the government is willing to pay. He does desire to make the best possible use of the free bonds now held by the banks cidentally, he likes to encourage banks to hold free bonds during the dull months. that will yield 1½ per cent even than to make call loans at 2 per cent. He is therefore giving the banks that hold these free excellent advantage. This method if our ment of elasticity to our otherwise inelastic currency system.

# The Secretary's Position.

His position as regards increasing circulation is perhaps best expressed in a letter which he recently wrote a bank that had been already buying bonds and which he has consented to make public.

The letter is as follows: "My Dear Sir: Your letter of the 8th is received. I find it well-nigh impossible to convey the purport of my request even to the banks of whom I have made the request, much less to the public.

"First. In case of imminent danger or actual disaster I will be compelled to use government deposits to buy increased cir-"Second. I desire to have from fifteen to fifty millions additional circulation printed

preparatory, so that it can be issued in four days instead of forty. Third. I will be glad to have the banks holding deposits arrange if they can to borrow the bonds "Fourth. I desire to send no bank into

the market to buy bonds at the present "Fifth. I do not care to have the currency issued unless conditions make it wellnigh imperative.

"I am making no demand upon any bank. The amount of their circulation must be determined by their directors, but inasmuch as the public holds the Secretary of the Treasury somewhat responsible for existing conditions I deem myself justified in using the public funds new held by various banks on deposit as I think best for the public good, and in case of trouble I best to use these to buy increased circulation, the banks now holding such funds having preference."

## HAWLEY FOR THE SENATE. Indorsed by the Republican Convention of Nevada.

RENO, Nev., September 13.-At the ses sion of the republican state convention last night the report of the committee on platform was adopted. It indorses Thomas P. Hawley for the United States Senate; declares for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people; favors the largest use of silver as a money metal in all matters compatible with the best interests of our government, and pledges the nominee to Congress to exercise his best endeavors to secure the greatest possible use of silver; approves of the earnest efforts of the present administration to enforce to the fullest extent possible the Sherman anti-trust law; favors labor unions and declares for an eight-hour law in mines, mills and smelting works, and favors ex-pansion. It holds in undying honor the heroism and the sacrifices of the soldiers and the sailors of the republic and denounces the democratic party for the hostile spirit shown to the soldiers who are giving valorous service in the swamps and jungles of the Philippines. The republicans of Nevada, the platform says, favor the policy of protection to American industries and American labor.

# TOOK LUNCH WITH PRESIDENT.

Postmaster General Payne, Dr. Shaw and Col. Lee.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., September 13 .- The President had as his guests at luncheon today Postmaster General Payne, Dr. Albert Shaw, editor of the Review of Reviews, and Col. and Mrs. Arthur Lee. Col. Lee is a member of the British house of parliament and was formerly the military attache of the British embassy in this country. In "are on strike, although he never told that that capacity he was present at the battle of Santiago."



## NO TANGIBLE RESULTS.

## The Newfoundland Premier Presented | Progress of Recent Operations in Im- | Serious Falling Off for Eight Months to Acting Secretary Adee.

Sir Robert Bond, the Newfoundland out tangible results. It is officially stated cials was very pleasant and a very courteous, but entirely unofficial. While it is ward the opening of negotiations. In fact, that he had any authorization to make a ot embark upon any negotiations looking to a treaty without special direction from the President, which he has not had. It is last summer this matter of reciprocity with Newfoundland was referred to briefly at one of the cabinet meetings, but no hope complished in that direction in view of the attitude of the Senate respecting reciprocity

Mr. Raikes the British charge of embassy, eturned to Bar Harbor today, having performed his function of introducing Sir Robert Bond to the State Department offi-Sir Robert himself leaves Washington this afternoon for New York on his way back to Newfoundland, and it is stated that no arrangement has been made for a continuation of the discussion of the sub

# MARINES FOR THE ISTHMUS.

## Organization of the Battalion Under Orders for Active Service.

It is announced at the Navy Department for service on the Isthmus of Panama for the protection of American interests consists of 17 officers and 325 enlisted men, and is organized as follows:

Lieut. Col. B. R. Russell, U. S. M. C. commanding; Maj. George Barnett, U. S. M. C., major; Capt. W. B. Lemly, U. S. M. C., quartermaster; Firt, Lieut, J. W. Broatch, adjutant; Passed Assistant Surgeon Carl D. Brownell, U. S. N., surgeon. Company A-Capt. Dion Williams, U. S. M. C.; First Lleut. A. S. Williams, U. S. M. C.; Second Lieut. E. T. Fryer, U. S.

Company B-Capt. M. J. Shaw. U. S. M. C.; First Lieut. A. E. Harding, U. S. M. C. Second Lieut. D. W. Blake, U. S. M. C. Company C-Capt D. D. Porter, U. S. M. C.; First Lieut. B. F. Rittenhouse, U. S. M. C.; Second Lieut. F. W. Robards, U. S.

Company D-Capt A. T. Marix, U. S. M. C.; First Lieut. L. B. Purcell, U. S. M. C.; Second Lieut. P. M. Rixey, jr., U. S. M. C.

# Army Orders.

Capt. James B. Wilson, assistant surgeon, has been ordered to Fort Riley, Kan., for duty in connection with the army man-Contract Surgeon John N. Goltra, at Fort

Brady, Mich., has been ordered to Fort Assinniboine, Mont. Capt. John M. Carson, jr., quartermaster in this city, has been ordered to visit Portsmouth, N. H., on business connected with the quartermaster's department.

Leaves of absence have been granted as follows: Second Lieut. Ira A. Smith, 19th Infantry, one month's extension on ac-count of sickness; First Lieut. Sylvester Bonnaffon, third, 4th Infantry, three months; First Lieut. Robert E. Wood, 3d Cavalry, two months; Maj. Thaddeus W. Jones, 13th Cavalry, one month and twenty-three days' extension.

Capt. P. C. Stevens, paymaster, has been relieved from duty at Atlanta and ordered to take station at Chattanooga, Tenn. Capt. P. G. Wales, assistant surgeon, has been ordered to this city for examination for promotion. Capt. Robert W. Rose, 21st Infantry, has een assigned to recruiting duty at Rich-

Col. Jacob A. Augur, 10th Cavalry, has been relieved from duty at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., and ordered to join his regi-Second Lieut. I. W. Molony, 16th Infan-

try, has been transferred to the 2d Infan-try and will join his regiment in the Philip-Leaves of absence have been granted as follows: Capt. William H. Johnston, 16th Infantry, four months; First Lieut. E. S. Sayer, jr., 21st Infantry, three months; First Lieut. E. C. Bolton. one month's extension; Capt. William Elliot, commissary, two months, and First Lieut. C. M. Cralle, 20th Infantry, two marks

# POTOMAC PARK.

# proving the Reservation.

Col. Bingham, the engineer officer in that the interview between the two offi- these grounds was continued. The grading \$109,841,036 against \$124,977,173 for the same of the bed of the new roadway, which is to feet having been completed up to the last day of August; 8,400 cubic yards of clay and ashes were removed from high ground and used in bringing low places along the Sir Robert Bond did not make it appear line of the road to grade; 666 cubic yards of niled near the bathing beach, to be used in with the beach are removed by the District learned that before the departure of the hauled in by the contractors without ex-President and his cabinet from Washington pense to the United States and used in grading along the line of the roadway on the east side of the road from 17th and was held out that anything could be ac- B streets to the turn at the flushing basi was rough graded. The work of ploughing in the southern part of the park near 15th street southwest was commenced, the weed growth cut and six trees removed. work of removing stone piled near 17th and B streets northwest to the storage grounds at 18th and B streets was completed.

# BUILT FOR MEXICO.

# First War Vessels, Complete to Guns,

Furnished on a Foreign Order. The first war vessels, complete to the guns, ever furnished in this country on a

foreign order, will be launched at the Crescent shipyard, Elizabethport, N. J., Monday. These are the Tampico and Vera that the battalion of marines under orders | Cruz. built at that yard for the Mexican navy. They are described as combined gunboats and troopships, very similar to the Machias of the United States navy. They are 200 feet long, 30 feet beam, 10 feet draught, 1,000 tons displacement. They will carry four 4-inch guns and four onepound rapid-fire guns and will be of six-

President Lewis Nixon of the United States Shipbuilding Company said yesterday that the building of these two war-ships was the beginning of the placing of Latin-American government orders for war vessels in this country. The various Latin-American countries heretofore have placed such orders in Europe.

Many foreign warshing have been built in the United States, but it is asserted that the first case where the order in cluded the supply and mounting of the bat-The matter has caused some gossip at the Navy Department.

# Naval Orders.

Lleut. N. J. L. T. Halpine, from the New York navy yard to duty as assistant to inspector of equipment at works of General Electric Company, Schnectady, N. Y. Lieut. W. O. Hulme, from duty in connec-

tion with surveying work of Ranger at San Diego, Cal., to Naval Academy. Prof. Math. H. M. Paul, from the bureau ards and docks to Naval Academy. Lieut. K. M. Bennett, from the Don Juan

de Austria to Is'a de Cuba. Lieut. E. B. Moale, jr., from the San Francisco to Chicago.

Midshipman J. W. Woodruff from the
Buffalo to Don Juan de Austria. Acting Gunner D. E. Vassie, from the Acting Warrant Machinist R. F. Nourse, from the Cavite to Solace.

# Personal Mantion.

Mr. D. H. Ball of Marquette, Wis., and Mr. C. C. G. Roberts of England are at the Arlington. Mr. F. M. Sylvester of New York and

Mr. W. J. Althams of St. Louis are at the New Willard. Mr. F. A. Arnold of Spokane, Wash., and fr. E. D. Haight of Gainesville, Tex., are

at the Raleigh.

Mr. Livingston Browning of Riverdale,
Md., has returned home from Atlantic City.

Rev. Dr. Fair of the Independent Church
heen in atof Savannah, Ga., who has been in at-tendance on the international Sunday school convention at Denver, is in the city on his way home. He is a guest of his friend, Rev. Dr. Pitzer.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

# DECREASE IN EXPORTS.

# Ending August 31.

For the eight months ending August 31 604. The total exports of provisions were period of the year before. Cattle and hogs were sent abroad to the value of \$15,458,024. while in 1901 the total was \$24,713,408. The exports of cotton for the eight months consisted of 3,086,562 bales, valued at \$1,572,-332,175, against 3,315,098 bales, valued at \$1,693,577,174 for the eight months ending August 31, 1901. The export of mineral oils was valued at \$43,958,471 against \$45,998,177. stuffs showed heavy falling off, the corn had been sent abroad for the eight months ending August 31, 1901, to the value of \$43,-050,354, while for the eight months of this year the total is \$4,440,319.

# CUBAN TARIFF BILL.

## Senate Measure Passed by the House Yesterday. Mr. Squiers. United States minister at

Havana, telegraphs the Department of State that the Cuban house passed the senate tariff bill yesterday. The following increases are authorized:

Coal, 25 cents thousand kilograms; stearine beef in cans, fresh beef, fresh mutton, fresh pork, salt beef, salt pork, jerked beef, bacon, hams, wheat flour, codfish, herring, husked rice, coffee, eggs, olive oil, cider and beer, 50 per cent; soap, starch, poultry, condensed milk, beans, peas, onions, potaoes and alimentary preserves, 100 per cent indressed pine lumber, 40 cents cubic meter; lard, 80 per cent; cheese, butter, liquors, 70 cent; corn, 333 per cent; footwear, 17 per

# CHINA ALMOST BANKRUPT.

## Gen. T. S. Sharretts Says Reform is Absolutely Necessary.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 13 .- Speaking of the commercial outlook in the orient, General T. S. Sharretts, the United States commissioner, who recently aided in framing a new tariff for China, and who is now here en route to Washington, said: "Reform is urgently needed in the finan-

cial policy of China and its methods of managing financial affairs, and especially in collecting revenues. "As matters stand, American trade with

China is of little importance and will never amount to much under the proposed new tariff or under any tariff. The collection of the government's revenues is placed in the hands of middle men, or thieving officials, if you will, who permit about 10 per cent of their collections to reach the government. China is on the eve of bankruptcy and unless the powers get together and force the country into revolutionizing its methods within the next ten years there will be an awful crash in the far east. China will appear in the deplorable role of defaulting in her payments of indemnity to the treaty powers and the division of the Chinese empire among the big world powers Mr. Sharretts gave it as his opinion that

China would attach her signature to the new tariff before long.

Mr. Sharretts was instrumental in preventing the signing by China of the pro-posed new British commercial treaty, which, by providing for an abolition of the likin tax and an increased duty on all imports, he says would have injured American trade with China.

# REPAIRS ON THE OREGON.

## The Famous Battle Ship Has Been Completely Renovated. SEATTLE, Wash., September 13 .- The

battle ship Oregon, Captain Burwell, will sail for San Francisco today for orders The expectation is that she will be sent to China. The Oregon has been at the Puget Sound navy yard for more than a year. She has had practically a new bottom and a new deck put in, her repairs costing in the neighborhood of \$100,000. She ran upon the rocks in the oriental seas and sustained serious damage to her bottom. She leaves the The Scorpion has arrived at Boston and navy yard in practically as good condition as when she started on her famous voyage around the Horn four years ago. the Nero has sailed from Norfolk for New

# FOREST FIRES RAGE REPORT ON FINANCES

Cut Off.

# FEARS FOR ENUMCLAW MONEY SUFFICIENT

CITIZENS OF ELMA FLY FOR MATTERS CONSIDERED BY THE THEIR LIVES.

Many Farm Houses and Barns De- Resolutions Adopted Regarding Restroyed-High East Wind Prevails.

SEATTLE, Wash., September 13.-The density of the smoke from forest fires in ecutive committee on the 1902 encampment various parts of adjacent country districts of the G. A. R. was held last night at is increasing. Transportation facilities on the Riggs House, at which three important all sides are badly impaired and communi- matters were presented for committee accation with many counties is cut off. Near- | tion-the entertainment of the delegates to ly all mails are late. The most serious the national encampment; the construction fear is that Enumclaw, a little town just of the official reviewing stands opposite the south of Seattle, will be entirely destroyed White House grounds; and the present conby the fires. People coming into the city dition of the committee finances. By vote report that but a few houses and oat fields of the committee the proposed excursion have been burned. The citizens are all of the delegates, either to Indian Head or fighting the fire in the woods near by, and to Mount Vernon, was practically abanso far have succeeded in stopping its ap- doned. It was agreed the executive comproach toward the town.

## Damage at Elma.

ELMA, Wash., September 13.-Forest fires are raging over a large area of country east of Elma. Several large mills suffered damige and some have been destroyed.

The Star mill and village has been wiped out. The men fought bravely, but had to yield and fly for their lives. Wagon loads of refugees are arriving from the burning district, and people are beginning to move out of Elma. Many farm houses and barns have been destroyed. Ashes and cinders are falling over Elma. A high east wind favors the fire and gives it terrific velocity. The Odd Fellows' cemetery, one and one-half miles from town, is burning, and many Elma citizens are taking every precaution to save their homes from the threatened calamity. The seven big mills have an aggregate value of over half a million in their plants alone. Their total value is near the million mark.

## The Fires in Oregon. PORTLAND, Ore., September 13.-The re-

sult of the forest fires which are raging in this vicinity may be summed up substantially as follows up to the present time: Tillamook City has been saved from impending doom by a timely change in the wind. The forests in Douglas and Jackson counties are on fire, but the damage yet is

cade forest reserve says that the fire has premier, has had his talk with Mr. Adee, the acting secretary of state, according to appointment, and, as was expected, with
neers, regarding recent work on the Poto
specification. For the eight months ending August 31 the exports of breadstuffs from the United States amounted to \$108,304,576. For the eight months ending August 31 county, were forced to flee for their linker and rendered homeless and a fine timber belt destroyed. Bridges and fences were attacked and residences threatened in South Portland. The sawmill of the Bridal Veil Lumber Company and the town of Palmer, situated twenty miles east of Bridal Veil, in this county, have been destroyed. The this county, have been destroyed. damage in eastern Multonomah amounts to \$45,000, and every family has been fighting

the fire since Monday. Several families have been burned out on the section line road. Three dwellings and the county bridge are gone in Pleasant Valley. The flames surround the dwellings of residents of Rockwood and are racing west along the base line road. To protect the town of Gresham men stand guard night and day. At Pleasant Home a sawmill was destroyed and four other mills are in danger.

## Fire Companies Called Out. Fire companies were called out to Irving-

ton. The residents of that part of Portland have been on duty since 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Valuable timber has been destroyed near Coburg, Wilholt Spring of Wendling and other points. Men at Wendling are swamping the timber in order to

The destruction of the village of Violo seems certain. The non-arrival of grain and coasting ships is due to dense smoke at the mouth of the Columbia river. The steamer Columbia is reported to be stranded in the river near Astoria. A woman was burned to death near Vancouver and a woman and a child are missing. Milis, lumber and timber to the value of \$1,069,000 were destroyed in Chehalis county, Washington. The damage near Lentz, amounts to over \$25,000. Details of various losses from numerous country districts are arriving and the record of small individual losses will not be finished until rain shall have come to quench the everspreading flames. The weather bureau has twenty-four hours.

# THREE KILLED IN WRECK. Accident on the Santa Fe at Struby,

Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., September 13 .- Santa Fe passenger train No. 608, known as the newspaper train, which left Denver this morning at 3:50 o'clock, bound for Colorado Springs, Pueblo, St. Louis and Chicago, collided with a freight train at Struby, a small station several miles south of Littleton. Three persons on the passenger train were killed and another perhaps fatally

Mack Barnhart, engineer. J. A. Pettingill, fireman. John Rodgers, fireman. Seriously injured: Archie Stewart, engineer.

Injured. The dead:

Some of the passengers were badly shak-en up and bruised, but so far as known, none were killed or seriously injured. The freight, when ascending a steep grade on a side track at Struby to let the passenger train pass, parted and fifteen or eighteen heavily laden cars started back toward the approaching passenger train, which was drawn by two engines. The engineers of the passenger train reversed and tried to back out of the way of the runaway cars, but did not succeed Both passenger engines were thrown into

the ditch and eight cars were piled upon them. The engineers and firemen were buried under the wreckage.

## BLOW AT BOARD OF TRADE. Important Decision Handed Down in Chicago Court. CHICAGO, September 13.-Corners in

grain are forever rendered practicably impossible by a decision handed down by Judge Chytraus, in the circuit court today, if sustained by a higher court. The case was for an injunction asked by Waite, Thorburn & Co., against prominent commission houses in the recent July oats corner. The most important ruling is that the Chicago board of trade loses the power to pass on property rights, where margins are in-volved, denying its authority to discipline members for refusing to put up called mar-

Transferred to Naval Academy. The Navy Department has ordered Lieuts. Frank B. Littell and William S. Eichelberger, professors of mathematics, now sta-tioned at the Naval Observatory, to the Naval Academy.

Many Towns in Washington Exhibit of G. A. R. Fund Showing Amount in Treasury.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

quests for Allowances and Other Matters-Among Subcommittees.

An important meeting of the citizens' exmittee should itself construct the reviewing stands, and the total expenditures in the sum of \$19,000 were approved.

This meeting of the committee was regarded as one of its most important sessions, and the attendance was correspondingly large. Much of the time was occupied in considering brief statements from the chairmen of the subcommittees, all of which have been sufficiently covered in the the three questions outlined above were discussed fully and the results of the discussion seemed to reflect the opinion of a vast majority of the committeemen.

## Financial Statement.

Chairman Frank K. Raymond submitted the statement of the finance committee. The aggregate expenditures were given as something over \$19,000, of which \$12,000 went to the national executive committee on the G. A. R. for free quarters. The expenses of the local executive committee were thus something over \$6,000. Ten years ago the corresponding figure was about \$19,000 and the difference was accepted by the executive committee as manifesting the most pronounced economy on the part of Chairman Warner, Secretary Bulkley and all their associates. The balance now in the treasury, continued Mr. Rayn over \$9,000. A third installment of the contributions made for the encampment resmall. Superintendent Ormsby of the Cas- mained to be paid. available funds to about \$20,000. To this should be added a profit of \$5,000 on the not yet entered the reserve. Sixty people in the town of Springwater, Clackamas fire-works display—which was accepted by the executive committee as a most concommittee would reach \$25,000. Many features of the program are now in state, but after consultation with the chair men of the various subcommittees, it was agreed by the officers of the finance com mittee that the sum indicated, \$25.000, would

### be sufficient, if not abundant. Bids Received.

Several bids were read to the committee by Chairman O. G. Staples of the committee on reviewing stands. These ranged from about \$6,000 to over \$13,000, and, gauged according to the specifications, were all regarded as exorbitant. After some dis cussion and statements from several business men it was practically agreed the comthem and hold the profit for the benefit of the executive committee. Mr. Staples is begin work without delay, probably Mon-

Gen. S. S. Burdett explained the plan of the entertainment committee for an excur-sion either to Indian Head or to Mount The cost, he said, could not be less than \$1.400. He asked, therefore, that was manifestly much opposition to so large an appropriation for such a purpose. It was urged that the delegates could not accept an invitation to such an excursion without absenting themselves from important Grand Army functions to occur here in Washington; that a campfire and reception would be extended them specially and they were to take a prominent part in the dedication of Camp Roosevelt; that the expense was more than the committee could undertake. In this view the committee concurred and a vote was taken deferring

action on the whole project. Other votes were taken to the following effect: Thanking Representative Dayton of West Virginia for services rendered the encampment, accepting a bonus of \$600 from the committee on badges, referring for action by the officers of the executive committee a request for \$150 further allowance to the Potomac Boat Club regatta, grantng \$50 to Chairman Arthur Hendricks for the hire of a certain battlefield during the encampment in order that visiting veterans might have free admission thereto, approving the work of the committee on fireworks and the contracts signed by that body with the Pain Fireworks Company, approving

## the work of the committee on reunions. Marine Band to Play.

As a result of a conference at the Navy Department yesterday and an evidence of the patriotic spirit which animates the members of that organization, the announcement was made this morning by Chairman B. H. Warner of the citizens' executive committee on the 1902 encamp-ment of the G. A. R. and Lieut. W. H. Santlemann of the Marine Corps, that the United States Marine Band would serve United States Marine Band throughout encampment week as the offipublic. From Sunday, October 5, until Satarday, October 11, the band will be at the disposal of the commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. and the chairman of the local executive committee. On every important occasion incident to the encampment that well-known organization, in its familiar scarlet coats, will appear as one of the

This result is largely due to the personal forts of Representative Alston G. Dayton of West Virginia, who is chairman of the congressional subcommittee on the encamp-ment. He and Mr. Warner had yesterday a long talk with Assistant Secretary Dar-ling and Lieut. Santelmann, and all four were delighted at the manifest disposition to co-operate indicated by the representatives of the department and the officers of

# Mr. Dayton's Letter.

To make assurance doubly sure Mr. Dayton has put the matter into writing in the following letter to Mr. Darling: "Referring to our conversation of yesterday relative to the detail of the Marine

Band for the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in October, permit me to request in writing that the band be detailed for the use of the cittzens' executive committee in connection with the said encampment from Sunday until Friday of said week. The first demand upon the band will probably be for the religious services to be held in Convention Hall Sunday afterwoon, and the other evenings of the week they will be needed in great meetings to be held in the same hall, at which speakers of national reputation will deliver addresses. The parade will occur on Wednesday. The chairman of the committee, Mr. B. H. Warner, will confer with Mr. Santelmann, director of the band, so as to have the dates fixed satisfactorily. Band for the encampment of the Grand director of the band, so as to have the dates fixed satisfactorily.

"Permit me to say that I regard the detail